## Network Codes and Designs over Finite Fields

Axel Kohnert Magdeburg November 2008

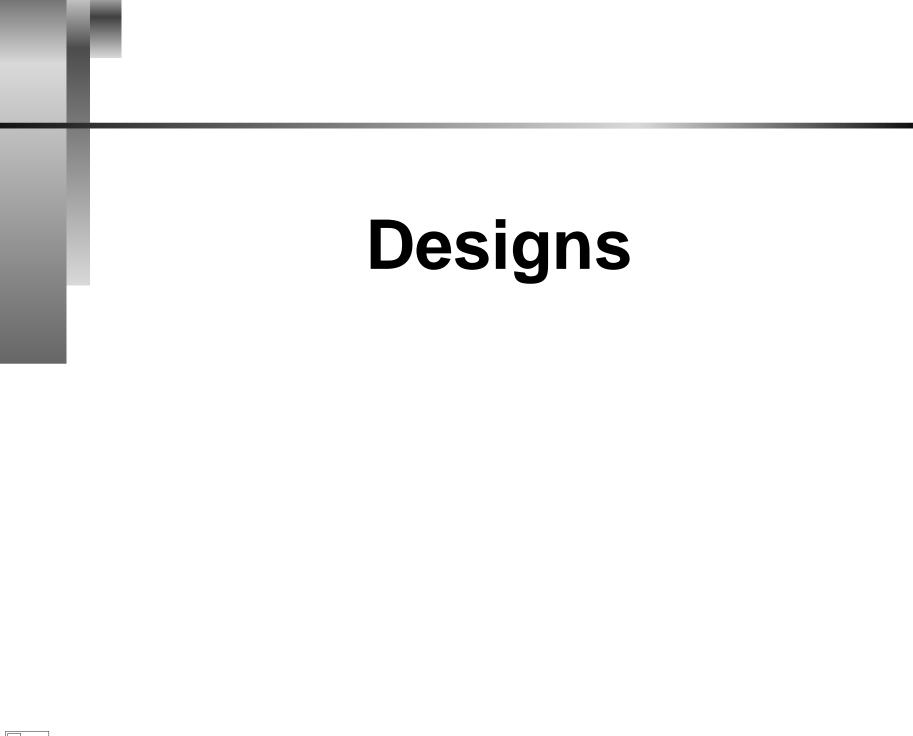
Bayreuth University Germany axel.kohnert@uni-bayreuth.de



#### Overview

- Designs
- Network Codes
- Construction







#### • a set of v points



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- a set of blocks (block = set of points)



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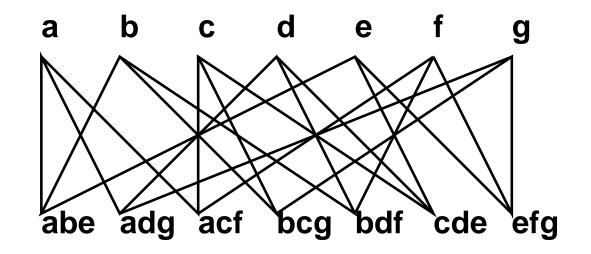
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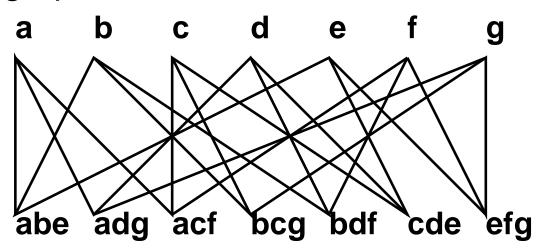
2-(7,3,1) design





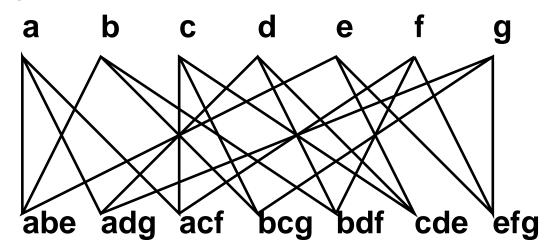


## Heawood graph

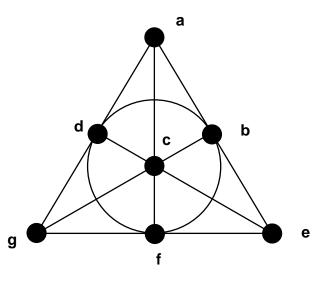




#### Heawood graph



Fano plane





## **Designs over Finite Fields**

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- a set of *k*-blocks
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linear v-space  $GF(q)^v$ 

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 $t - (v, k, \lambda) q$ -Design each t-space of  $GF(q)^v$  is in exactly  $\lambda$  of the k-spaces



## **Current State**

#### known:

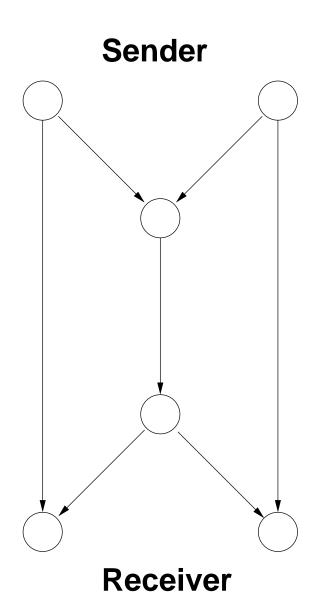
- Thomas (1987): first to study, 2-designs
- Braun, Kerber, Laue (2005): first 3-design

#### open problems:

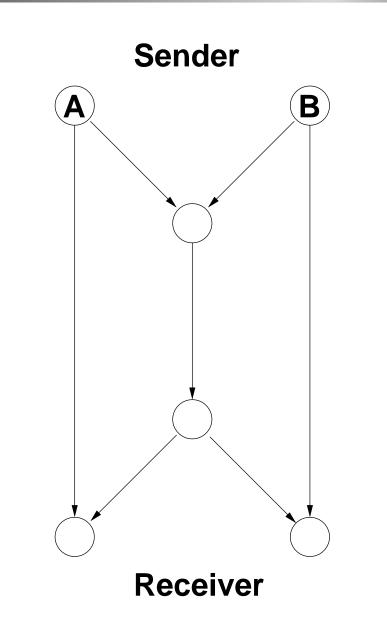
- q-analog of the Fano plane?
- Steiner systems ?  $(\lambda = 1)$
- t > 3?



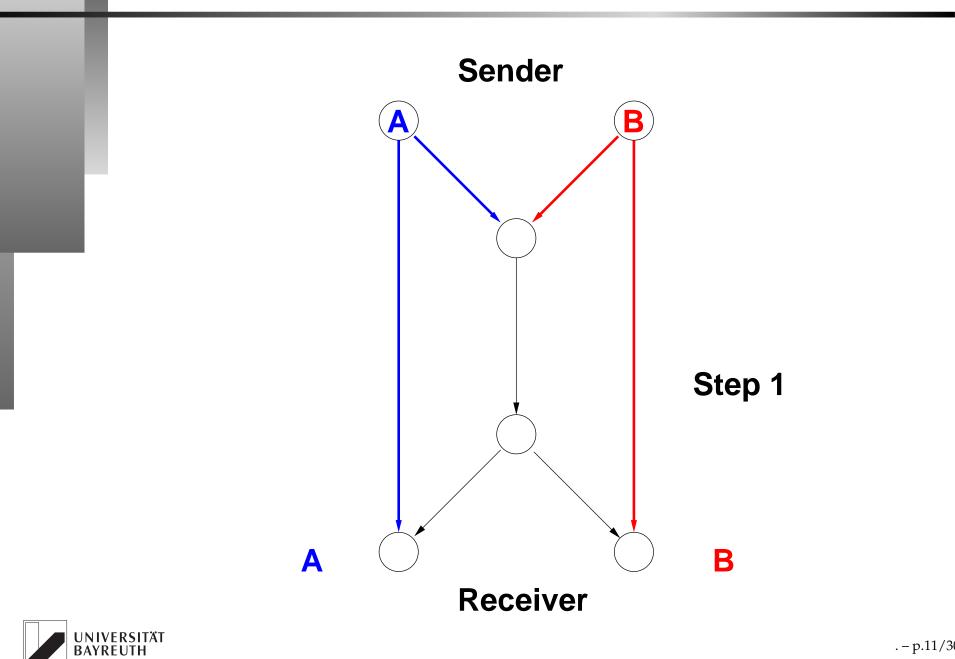


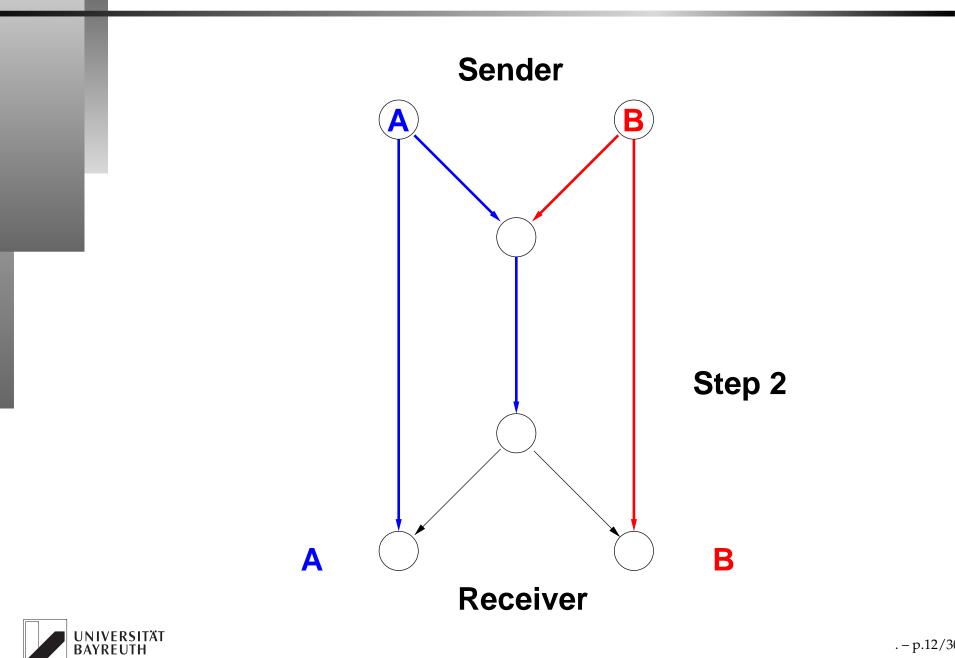


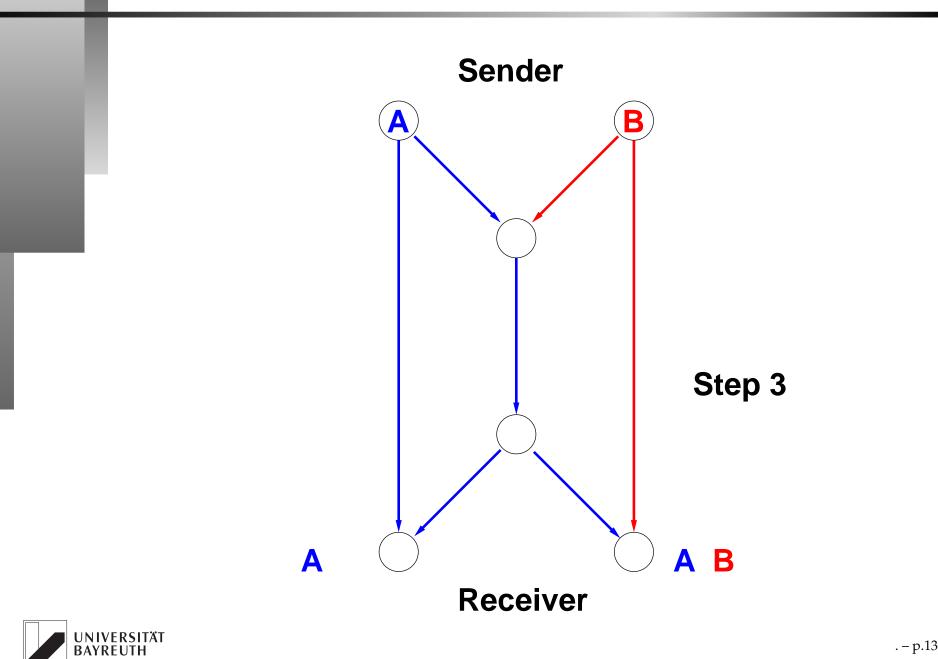


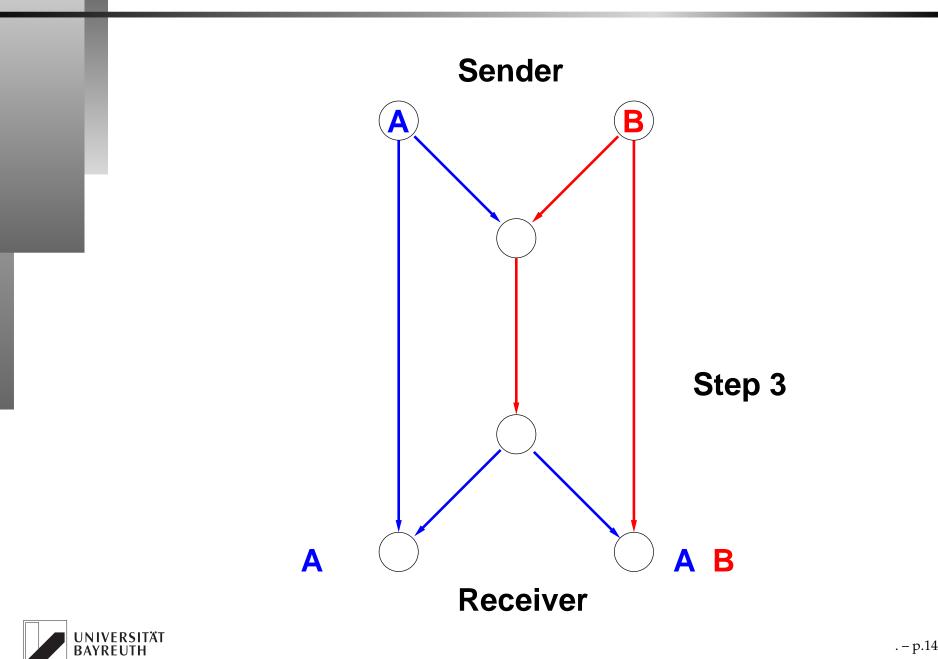


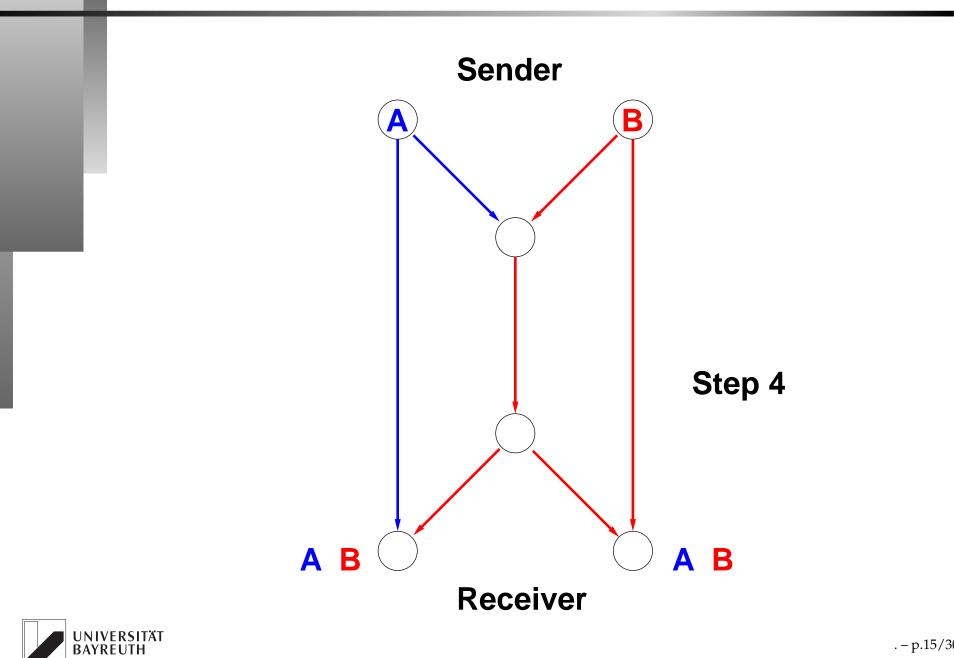


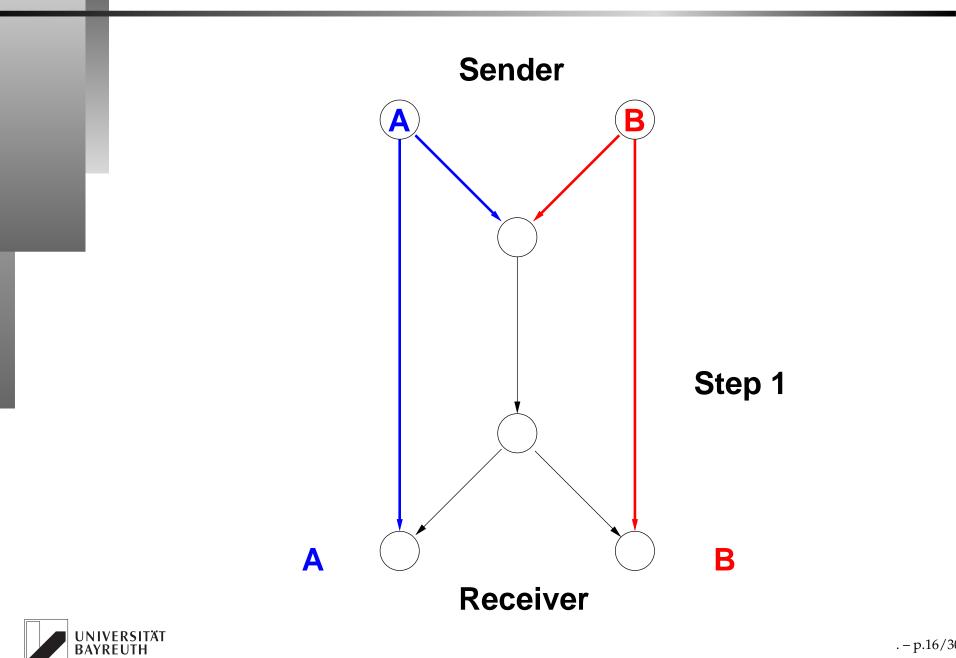


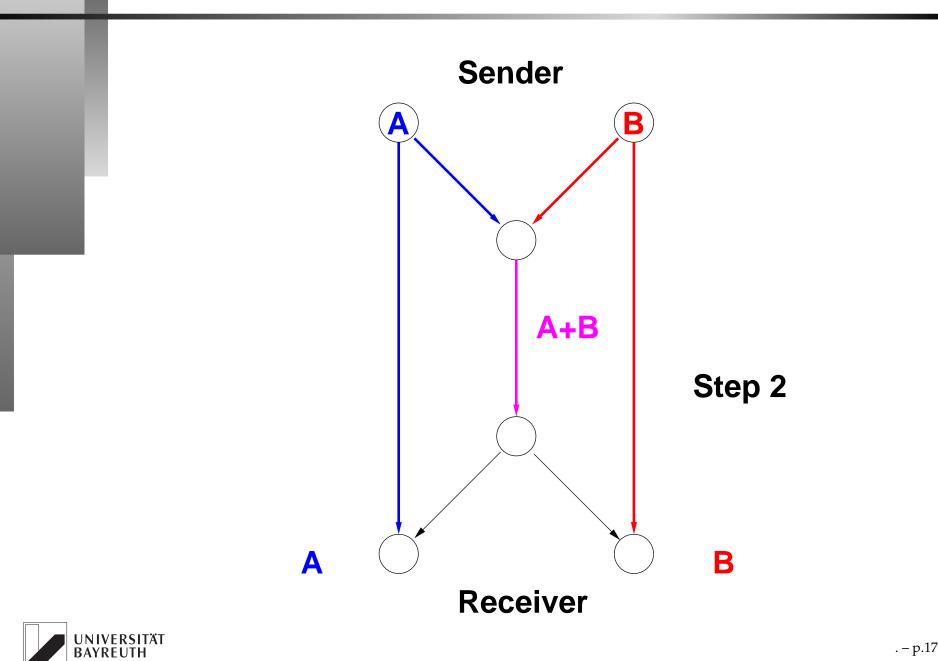


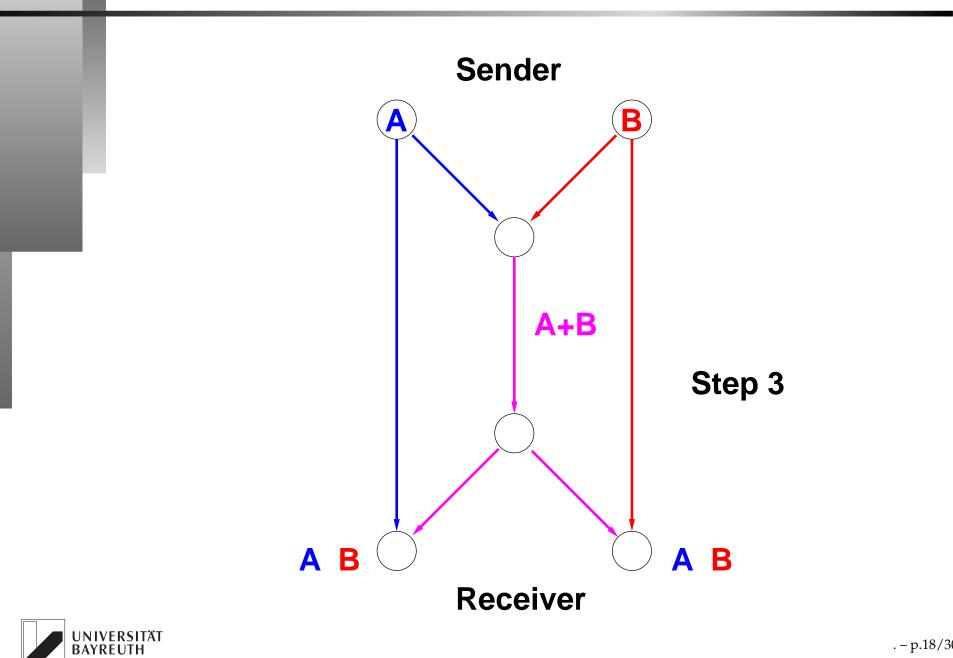












#### message:

• linear space



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single node:

- receives vectors
- sends some linear combination of the incoming vectors



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U, W subspace of  $GF(q)^v$ :

 $d(U,W) = dim(U) + dim(W) - 2dim(U \cap W)$ 



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Find a set of subspaces in  $GF(q)^v$  such that the pairwise distance is at least d



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constant dimension codes  $\approx$  constant weight codes



Given a t - (v, k, 1) q-design we get a constant dimension code with minimum distance 2(k - (t - 1))as the intersection of two codewords has dimension  $\leq t - 1$ .



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Define  $A_q(v, k, d)$  as the maximal size (= number of codewords) of a constant dimension code with minimum distance d, dimension of codewords = k, and ambient space =  $GF(q)^v$ 



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#### open problems:

- find lower and upper bounds for  $A_q(v, k, d)$
- find constructions of 'good' codes
- special case  $A_2(7,3,4)$  = Fano plane



# Construction



Find a set of k-subspaces in  $GF(q)^v$  such that each t-subspace is in at most 1 k-subspace

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Find a set of k-subspaces in  $GF(q)^v$  such that each t-subspace is in at most 1 k-subspace = error-correcting network code

D:= incidence matrix between k-spaces and t-spaces in  $GF(q)^v$ 

 $D_{U,V} := \begin{cases} 1 & t\text{-space } U \text{ is subspace of } k - \text{space } W \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$ 



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solution = network code with minimum distance 2(k - t + 1).



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•  $D^G :=$  shrinked matrix

 $\Rightarrow$ number of columns = number of orbits on k-spaces number of rows = number of orbits on t-spaces



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solution = network code with prescribed automorphisms and minimum distance 2(k - t + 1).



## Results (binary)

v	k	number of codewords:		d
		new	old	
6	3	77	71	4
7	3	304	294	4
8	3	1275	1164	4
9	3	5621	4657	4
10	3	21483	18631	4
11	3	79833	74531	4
12	3	315315	298139	4



A. Kohnert, S. Kurz: *Construction of Large Constant Dimension Codes With a Prescribed Minimum Distance*, LNCS, 2008.

R. Kötter, F. Kschischang: *Coding for errors and erasures in random network coding*, IEEE Transactions on Information Theory, **54**, 3579–3590, 2008.

Thank you very much for your attention.

